

GNU Libtasn1 API Reference Manual

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Chapter 1

GNU Libtasn1 API Reference Manual

This document describes the GNU Libtasn1 library developed for ASN.1 (Abstract Syntax Notation One) structures management and DER (Distinguished Encoding Rules) encoding functions.

More up to date information can be found at <https://www.gnu.org/software/libtasn1/>.

1.1 libtasn1

libtasn1 —

Synopsis

```
#define          ASN1_API
#define          ASN1_ARRAY_ERROR
#define          ASN1_ARRAY_TYPE
#define          ASN1_CLASS_APPLICATION
#define          ASN1_CLASS_CONTEXT_SPECIFIC
#define          ASN1_CLASS_PRIVATE
#define          ASN1_CLASS_STRUCTURED
#define          ASN1_CLASS_UNIVERSAL
#define          ASN1_DATA_NODE
#define          ASN1_DER_ERROR
#define          ASN1_DER_OVERFLOW
#define          ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_EMPTY
#define          ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND
#define          ASN1_ERROR_TYPE_ANY
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_ANY
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_BIT_STRING
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_BMP_STRING
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_BOOLEAN
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_CHOICE
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_CONSTANT
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_DEFAULT
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_DEFINITIONS
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_ENUMERATED
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_GENERALIZED_TIME
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_GENERALSTRING
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_IA5_STRING
#define          ASN1_ETYPE_IDENTIFIER
```

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_IMPORTS
#define ASN1_ETYPE_INTEGER
#define ASN1_ETYPE_INVALID
#define ASN1_ETYPE_NULL
#define ASN1_ETYPE_NUMERIC_STRING
#define ASN1_ETYPE_OBJECT_ID
#define ASN1_ETYPE_OCTET_STRING
#define ASN1_ETYPE_PRINTABLE_STRING
#define ASN1_ETYPE_SEQUENCE
#define ASN1_ETYPE_SEQUENCE_OF
#define ASN1_ETYPE_SET
#define ASN1_ETYPE_SET_OF
#define ASN1_ETYPE_SIZE
#define ASN1_ETYPE_TAG
#define ASN1_ETYPE_TELETEX_STRING
#define ASN1_ETYPE_UNIVERSAL_STRING
#define ASN1_ETYPE_UTCTIME
#define ASN1_ETYPE_UTF8_STRING
#define ASN1_ETYPE_VISIBLE_STRING
#define ASN1_FILE_NOT_FOUND
#define ASN1_GENERIC_ERROR
#define ASN1_IDENTIFIER_NOT_FOUND
#define ASN1_MAX_ERROR_DESCRIPTION_SIZE
#define ASN1_MAX_LENGTH_SIZE
#define ASN1_MAX_NAME_SIZE
#define ASN1_MAX_TAG_SIZE
#define ASN1_MAX_TL_SIZE
#define ASN1_MEM_ALLOC_ERROR
#define ASN1_MEM_ERROR
#define ASN1_NAME_TOO_LONG
#define ASN1_PRINT_ALL
#define ASN1_PRINT_NAME
#define ASN1_PRINT_NAME_TYPE
#define ASN1_PRINT_NAME_TYPE_VALUE
#define ASN1_SUCCESS
#define ASN1_SYNTAX_ERROR
#define ASN1_TAG_BIT_STRING
#define ASN1_TAG_BMP_STRING
#define ASN1_TAG_BOOLEAN
#define ASN1_TAG_ENUMERATED
#define ASN1_TAG_ERROR
#define ASN1_TAG_GENERALIZEDTIME
#define ASN1_TAG_GENERALSTRING
#define ASN1_TAG_IA5_STRING
#define ASN1_TAG_IMPLICIT
#define ASN1_TAG_INTEGER
#define ASN1_TAG_NULL
#define ASN1_TAG_NUMERIC_STRING
#define ASN1_TAG_OBJECT_ID
#define ASN1_TAG_OCTET_STRING
#define ASN1_TAG_PRINTABLE_STRING
#define ASN1_TAG_SEQUENCE
#define ASN1_TAG_SET
#define ASN1_TAG_TELETEX_STRING
#define ASN1_TAG_UNIVERSAL_STRING
#define ASN1_TAG_UTCTIME
#define ASN1_TAG_UTF8_STRING
```

```

#define ASN1_TAG_VISIBLE_STRING
#define ASN1_TYPE
#define ASN1_TYPE_EMPTY
#define ASN1_VALUE_NOT_FOUND
#define ASN1_VALUE_NOT_VALID
#define ASN1_VERSION
int asn1_array2tree (const asn1_static_node *array,
asn1_node *definitions,
char *errorDescription);
void asn1_bit_der (const unsigned char *str,
int bit_len,
unsigned char *der,
int *der_len);
const char * asn1_check_version (const char *req_version);
int asn1_copy_node (asn1_node dst,
const char *dst_name,
asn1_node src,
const char *src_name);
int asn1_create_element (asn1_node definitions,
const char *source_name,
asn1_node *element);
typedef asn1_data_node_st;
int asn1_decode_simple_der (unsigned int etype,
const unsigned char *der,
unsigned int der_len,
const unsigned char **str,
unsigned int *str_len);
int asn1_delete_element (asn1_node structure,
const char *element_name);
int asn1_delete_structure (asn1_node *structure);
int asn1_der_coding (asn1_node element,
const char *name,
void *ider,
int *len,
char *ErrorDescription);
int asn1_der_decoding (asn1_node *element,
const void *ider,
int len,
char *errorDescription);
int asn1_der_decoding_element (asn1_node *structure,
const char *elementName,
const void *ider,
int len,
char *errorDescription);
int asn1_der_decoding_startEnd (asn1_node element,
const void *ider,
int len,
const char *name_element,
int *start,
int *end);
int asn1_encode_simple_der (unsigned int etype,
const unsigned char *str,
unsigned int str_len,
unsigned char *tl,
unsigned int *tl_len);
int asn1_expand_any_defined_by (asn1_node definitions,
asn1_node *element);

```

int	asn1_expand_octet_string	(asn1_node definitions, asn1_node *element, const char *octetName, const char *objectName);
asn1_node	asn1_find_node	(asn1_node pointer, const char *name);
const char *	asn1_find_structure_from_oid	(asn1_node definitions, const char *oidValue);
int	asn1_get_bit_der	(const unsigned char *der, int der_len, int *ret_len, unsigned char *str, int str_size, int *bit_len);
long	asn1_get_length_ber	(const unsigned char *ber, int ber_len, int *len);
long	asn1_get_length_der	(const unsigned char *der, int der_len, int *len);
int	asn1_get_octet_der	(const unsigned char *der, int der_len, int *ret_len, unsigned char *str, int str_size, int *str_len);
int	asn1_get_tag_der	(const unsigned char *der, int der_len, unsigned char *cls, int *len, unsigned long *tag);
void	asn1_length_der	(unsigned long int len, unsigned char *der, int *der_len);
typedef	asn1_node;	
typedef	asn1_node_st;	
int	asn1_number_of_elements	(asn1_node element, const char *name, int *num);
void	asn1_octet_der	(const unsigned char *str, int str_len, unsigned char *der, int *der_len);
int	asn1_parser2array	(const char *inputFileName, const char *outputFileName, const char *vectorName, char *error_desc);
int	asn1_parser2tree	(const char *file, asn1_node *definitions, char *error_desc);
void	asn1_perror	(int error);
void	asn1_print_structure	(FILE *out, asn1_node structure, const char *name, int mode);
int	asn1_read_node_value	(asn1_node node, asn1_data_node_st *data);

```

int                asn1_read_tag                (asn1_node root,
                                                const char *name,
                                                int *tagValue,
                                                int *classValue);

int                asn1_read_value              (asn1_node root,
                                                const char *name,
                                                void *ivalue,
                                                int *len);

int                asn1_read_value_type         (asn1_node root,
                                                const char *name,
                                                void *ivalue,
                                                int *len,
                                                unsigned int *etype);

typedef            asn1_retCode;
typedef            asn1_static_node;
#define            asn1_static_node_t
const char *      asn1_strerror                (int error);
int               asn1_write_value             (asn1_node node_root,
                                                const char *name,
                                                const void *ivalue,
                                                int len);

#define            node_asn
#define            node_asn_struct
#define            node_data_struct
#define            static_struct_asn

```

Description

Details

ASN1_API

```
#define ASN1_API __attribute__((__visibility__("default")))
```

ASN1_ARRAY_ERROR

```
#define ASN1_ARRAY_ERROR    16
```

ASN1_ARRAY_TYPE

```
#define ASN1_ARRAY_TYPE    asn1_static_node
```

ASN1_CLASS_APPLICATION

```
#define ASN1_CLASS_APPLICATION    0x40~/* old: 2 */
```

ASN1_CLASS_CONTEXT_SPECIFIC

```
#define ASN1_CLASS_CONTEXT_SPECIFIC~0x80~/* old: 3 */
```


ASN1_CLASS_PRIVATE

```
#define ASN1_CLASS_PRIVATE      0xC0~/* old: 4 */
```

ASN1_CLASS_STRUCTURED

```
#define ASN1_CLASS_STRUCTURED   0x20
```

ASN1_CLASS_UNIVERSAL

```
#define ASN1_CLASS_UNIVERSAL    0x00~/* old: 1 */
```

ASN1_DATA_NODE

```
#define ASN1_DATA_NODE asn1_data_node_st
```

ASN1_DER_ERROR

```
#define ASN1_DER_ERROR          4
```

ASN1_DER_OVERFLOW

```
#define ASN1_DER_OVERFLOW       14
```

ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_EMPTY

```
#define ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_EMPTY  17
```

ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND

```
#define ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND   2
```

ASN1_ERROR_TYPE_ANY

```
#define ASN1_ERROR_TYPE_ANY     10
```

ASN1_ETYPE_ANY

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_ANY          13
```

ASN1_ETYPE_BIT_STRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_BIT_STRING    6
```

ASN1_ETYPE_BMP_STRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_BMP_STRING 33
```

ASN1_ETYPE_BOOLEAN

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_BOOLEAN 4
```

ASN1_ETYPE_CHOICE

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_CHOICE 18
```

ASN1_ETYPE_CONSTANT

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_CONSTANT 1
```

ASN1_ETYPE_DEFAULT

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_DEFAULT 9
```

ASN1_ETYPE_DEFINITIONS

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_DEFINITIONS 16
```

ASN1_ETYPE_ENUMERATED

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_ENUMERATED 21
```

ASN1_ETYPE_GENERALIZED_TIME

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_GENERALIZED_TIME 37
```

ASN1_ETYPE_GENERALSTRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_GENERALSTRING 27
```

ASN1_ETYPE_IA5_STRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_IA5_STRING 29
```

ASN1_ETYPE_IDENTIFIER

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_IDENTIFIER 2
```

ASN1_ETYPE_IMPORTS

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_IMPORTS 19
```

ASN1_ETYPE_INTEGER

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_INTEGER 3
```

ASN1_ETYPE_INVALID

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_INVALID 0
```

ASN1_ETYPE_NULL

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_NULL 20
```

ASN1_ETYPE_NUMERIC_STRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_NUMERIC_STRING 28
```

ASN1_ETYPE_OBJECT_ID

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_OBJECT_ID 12
```

ASN1_ETYPE_OCTET_STRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_OCTET_STRING 7
```

ASN1_ETYPE_PRINTABLE_STRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_PRINTABLE_STRING 31
```

ASN1_ETYPE_SEQUENCE

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_SEQUENCE 5
```

ASN1_ETYPE_SEQUENCE_OF

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_SEQUENCE_OF 11
```

ASN1_ETYPE_SET

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_SET 14
```

ASN1_ETYPE_SET_OF

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_SET_OF 15
```

ASN1_ETYPE_SIZE

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_SIZE 10
```

ASN1_ETYPE_TAG

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_TAG 8
```

ASN1_ETYPE_TELETEX_STRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_TELETEX_STRING 30
```

ASN1_ETYPE_UNIVERSAL_STRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_UNIVERSAL_STRING 32
```

ASN1_ETYPE_UTC_TIME

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_UTC_TIME 36
```

ASN1_ETYPE_UTF8_STRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_UTF8_STRING 34
```

ASN1_ETYPE_VISIBLE_STRING

```
#define ASN1_ETYPE_VISIBLE_STRING 35
```

ASN1_FILE_NOT_FOUND

```
#define ASN1_FILE_NOT_FOUND 1
```

ASN1_GENERIC_ERROR

```
#define ASN1_GENERIC_ERROR 6
```

ASN1_IDENTIFIER_NOT_FOUND

```
#define ASN1_IDENTIFIER_NOT_FOUND~3
```

ASN1_MAX_ERROR_DESCRIPTION_SIZE

```
#define ASN1_MAX_ERROR_DESCRIPTION_SIZE 128
```

ASN1_MAX_LENGTH_SIZE

```
#define ASN1_MAX_LENGTH_SIZE 9
```

ASN1_MAX_NAME_SIZE

```
#define ASN1_MAX_NAME_SIZE 64
```

ASN1_MAX_TAG_SIZE

```
#define ASN1_MAX_TAG_SIZE 4
```

ASN1_MAX_TL_SIZE

```
#define ASN1_MAX_TL_SIZE (ASN1_MAX_TAG_SIZE+ASN1_MAX_LENGTH_SIZE)
```

ASN1_MEM_ALLOC_ERROR

```
#define ASN1_MEM_ALLOC_ERROR 13
```

ASN1_MEM_ERROR

```
#define ASN1_MEM_ERROR 12
```

ASN1_NAME_TOO_LONG

```
#define ASN1_NAME_TOO_LONG 15
```

ASN1_PRINT_ALL

```
#define ASN1_PRINT_ALL 4
```

ASN1_PRINT_NAME

```
#define ASN1_PRINT_NAME 1
```

ASN1_PRINT_NAME_TYPE

```
#define ASN1_PRINT_NAME_TYPE 2
```

ASN1_PRINT_NAME_TYPE_VALUE

```
#define ASN1_PRINT_NAME_TYPE_VALUE~3
```

ASN1_SUCCESS

```
#define ASN1_SUCCESS 0
```

ASN1_SYNTAX_ERROR

```
#define ASN1_SYNTAX_ERROR 11
```

ASN1_TAG_BIT_STRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_BIT_STRING 0x03
```

ASN1_TAG_BMP_STRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_BMP_STRING 0x1E
```

ASN1_TAG_BOOLEAN

```
#define ASN1_TAG_BOOLEAN 0x01
```

ASN1_TAG_ENUMERATED

```
#define ASN1_TAG_ENUMERATED 0x0A
```

ASN1_TAG_ERROR

```
#define ASN1_TAG_ERROR 8
```

ASN1_TAG_GENERALIZEDTime

```
#define ASN1_TAG_GENERALIZEDTime~0x18
```

ASN1_TAG_GENERALSTRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_GENERALSTRING 0x1B
```

ASN1_TAG_IA5_STRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_IA5_STRING 0x16
```

ASN1_TAG_IMPLICIT

```
#define ASN1_TAG_IMPLICIT    9
```

ASN1_TAG_INTEGER

```
#define ASN1_TAG_INTEGER     0x02
```

ASN1_TAG_NULL

```
#define ASN1_TAG_NULL        0x05
```

ASN1_TAG_NUMERIC_STRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_NUMERIC_STRING  0x12
```

ASN1_TAG_OBJECT_ID

```
#define ASN1_TAG_OBJECT_ID      0x06
```

ASN1_TAG_OCTET_STRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_OCTET_STRING   0x04
```

ASN1_TAG_PRINTABLE_STRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_PRINTABLE_STRING~0x13
```

ASN1_TAG_SEQUENCE

```
#define ASN1_TAG_SEQUENCE      0x10
```

ASN1_TAG_SET

```
#define ASN1_TAG_SET           0x11
```

ASN1_TAG_TELETEX_STRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_TELETEX_STRING  0x14
```

ASN1_TAG_UNIVERSAL_STRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_UNIVERSAL_STRING~0x1C
```

ASN1_TAG_UTCTime

```
#define ASN1_TAG_UTCTime    0x17
```

ASN1_TAG_UTF8_STRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_UTF8_STRING    0x0C
```

ASN1_TAG_VISIBLE_STRING

```
#define ASN1_TAG_VISIBLE_STRING    0x1A
```

ASN1_TYPE

```
#define ASN1_TYPE asn1_node
```

ASN1_TYPE_EMPTY

```
#define ASN1_TYPE_EMPTY NULL
```

ASN1_VALUE_NOT_FOUND

```
#define ASN1_VALUE_NOT_FOUND    5
```

ASN1_VALUE_NOT_VALID

```
#define ASN1_VALUE_NOT_VALID    7
```

ASN1_VERSION

```
#define ASN1_VERSION "3.3"
```

asn1_array2tree ()

```
int                asn1_array2tree                (const asn1_static_node *array,  
                                                    asn1_node *definitions,  
                                                    char *errorDescription);
```

Creates the structures needed to manage the ASN.1 definitions. *array* is a vector created by [asn1_parser2array\(\)](#).

array : specify the array that contains ASN.1 declarations

definitions : return the pointer to the structure created by *ARRAY ASN.1 declarations

errorDescription : return the error description.

Returns : [ASN1_SUCCESS](#) if structure was created correctly, [ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_EMPTY](#) if *definitions* not NULL, [ASN1_IDENTIFIER_NOT_FOUND](#) if in the file there is an identifier that is not defined (see *errorDescription* for more information), [ASN1_ARRAY_ERROR](#) if the array pointed by *array* is wrong.

asn1_bit_der ()

```
void          asn1_bit_der          (const unsigned char *str,
                                     int bit_len,
                                     unsigned char *der,
                                     int *der_len);
```

Creates a length-value DER encoding for the input data as it would have been for a BIT STRING. The DER encoded data will be copied in *der*.

Note that the BIT STRING tag is not included in the output.

This function does not return any value because it is expected that *der_len* will contain enough bytes to store the string plus the DER encoding. The DER encoding size can be obtained using [asn1_length_der\(\)](#).

str : BIT string.

bit_len : number of meaningful bits in STR.

der : string returned.

der_len : number of meaningful bytes of DER (der[0]..der[ans_len-1]).

asn1_check_version ()

```
const char *  asn1_check_version    (const char *req_version);
```

Check that the version of the library is at minimum the requested one and return the version string; return **NULL** if the condition is not satisfied. If a **NULL** is passed to this function, no check is done, but the version string is simply returned.

See [ASN1_VERSION](#) for a suitable *req_version* string.

req_version : Required version number, or **NULL**.

Returns : Version string of run-time library, or **NULL** if the run-time library does not meet the required version number.

asn1_copy_node ()

```
int           asn1_copy_node        (asn1_node dst,
                                     const char *dst_name,
                                     asn1_node src,
                                     const char *src_name);
```

Create a deep copy of a *asn1_node* variable.

dst : Destination *asn1_node* node.

dst_name : Field name in destination node.

src : Source *asn1_node* node.

src_name : Field name in source node.

Returns : Return [ASN1_SUCCESS](#) on success.

asn1_create_element ()

```
int                asn1_create_element          (asn1_node definitions,
                                                const char *source_name,
                                                asn1_node *element);
```

Creates a structure of type *source_name*. Example using "pkix.asn":

```
rc = asn1_create_element(cert_def, "PKIX1.Certificate", certptr);
```

definitions : pointer to the structure returned by "parser_asn1" function

source_name : the name of the type of the new structure (must be inside p_structure).

element : pointer to the structure created.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if creation OK, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if *source_name* is not known.

asn1_data_node_st

```
typedef struct asn1_data_node_st asn1_data_node_st;
```

asn1_decode_simple_der ()

```
int                asn1_decode_simple_der      (unsigned int etype,
                                                const unsigned char *der,
                                                unsigned int der_len,
                                                const unsigned char **str,
                                                unsigned int *str_len);
```

Decodes a simple DER encoded type (e.g. a string, which is not constructed). The output is a pointer inside the *der*.

etype : The type of the string to be encoded (ASN1_ETYPE_)

der : the encoded string

der_len : the bytes of the encoded string

str : a pointer to the data

str_len : the length of the data

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if successful or an error value.

asn1_delete_element ()

```
int                asn1_delete_element        (asn1_node structure,
                                                const char *element_name);
```

Deletes the element named **element_name* inside **structure*.

structure : pointer to the structure that contains the element you want to delete.

element_name : element's name you want to delete.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if successful, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if the *element_name* was not found.

asn1_delete_structure ()

```
int                asn1_delete_structure                (asn1_node *structure);
```

Deletes the structure **structure*. At the end, **structure* is set to NULL.

structure : pointer to the structure that you want to delete.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if successful, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if **structure* was NULL.

asn1_der_coding ()

```
int                asn1_der_coding                    (asn1_node element,
                                                       const char *name,
                                                       void *ider,
                                                       int *len,
                                                       char *ErrorDescription);
```

Creates the DER encoding for the NAME structure (inside **POINTER* structure).

element : pointer to an ASN1 element

name : the name of the structure you want to encode (it must be inside **POINTER*).

ider : vector that will contain the DER encoding. DER must be a pointer to memory cells already allocated.

len : number of bytes of **ider*: *ider*[0]..*ider*[len-1], Initially holds the sizeof of der vector.

ErrorDescription : return the error description or an empty string if success.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if DER encoding OK, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if *name* is not a valid element, **ASN1_VALUE_N** if there is an element without a value, **ASN1_MEM_ERROR** if the *ider* vector isn't big enough and in this case *len* will contain the length needed.

asn1_der_decoding ()

```
int                asn1_der_decoding                  (asn1_node *element,
                                                       const void *ider,
                                                       int len,
                                                       char *errorDescription);
```

Fill the structure **ELEMENT* with values of a DER encoding string. The structure must just be created with function **asn1_create_element()**. If an error occurs during the decoding procedure, the **ELEMENT* is deleted and set equal to **NULL**.

element : pointer to an ASN1 structure.

ider : vector that contains the DER encoding.

len : number of bytes of **ider*: *ider*[0]..*ider*[len-1].

errorDescription : null-terminated string contains details when an error occurred.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if DER encoding OK, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if *ELEMENT* is **NULL**, and **ASN1_TAG_ERROR** or **ASN1_DER_ERROR** if the der encoding doesn't match the structure name (**ELEMENT* deleted).

asn1_der_decoding_element ()

```
int                asn1_der_decoding_element      (asn1_node *structure,
                                                    const char *elementName,
                                                    const void *ider,
                                                    int len,
                                                    char *errorDescription);
```

Fill the element named *ELEMENTNAME* with values of a DER encoding string. The structure must just be created with function [asn1_create_element\(\)](#). The DER vector must contain the encoding string of the whole *STRUCTURE*. If an error occurs during the decoding procedure, the **STRUCTURE* is deleted and set equal to **NULL**.

structure : pointer to an ASN1 structure

elementName : name of the element to fill

ider : vector that contains the DER encoding of the whole structure.

len : number of bytes of **der*: *der*[0]..*der*[len-1]

errorDescription : null-terminated string contains details when an error occurred.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if DER encoding OK, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if ELEMENT is **NULL** or *elementName* == **NULL**, and **ASN1_TAG_ERROR** or **ASN1_DER_ERROR** if the der encoding doesn't match the structure *structure* (**ELEMENT* deleted).

asn1_der_decoding_startEnd ()

```
int                asn1_der_decoding_startEnd    (asn1_node element,
                                                    const void *ider,
                                                    int len,
                                                    const char *name_element,
                                                    int *start,
                                                    int *end);
```

Find the start and end point of an element in a DER encoding string. I mean that if you have a der encoding and you have already used the function [asn1_der_decoding\(\)](#) to fill a structure, it may happen that you want to find the piece of string concerning an element of the structure.

One example is the sequence "tbsCertificate" inside an X509 certificate.

element : pointer to an ASN1 element

ider : vector that contains the DER encoding.

len : number of bytes of **ider*: *ider*[0]..*ider*[len-1]

name_element : an element of NAME structure.

start : the position of the first byte of NAME_ELEMENT decoding (*ider*[*start])

end : the position of the last byte of NAME_ELEMENT decoding (*ider*[*end])

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if DER encoding OK, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if ELEMENT is [asn1_node EMPTY](#) or *name_element* is not a valid element, **ASN1_TAG_ERROR** or **ASN1_DER_ERROR** if the der encoding doesn't match the structure ELEMENT.

asn1_encode_simple_der ()

```
int          asn1_encode_simple_der          (unsigned int etype,
                                             const unsigned char *str,
                                             unsigned int str_len,
                                             unsigned char *tl,
                                             unsigned int *tl_len);
```

Creates the DER encoding for various simple ASN.1 types like strings etc. It stores the tag and length in *tl*, which should have space for at least **ASN1_MAX_TL_SIZE** bytes. Initially *tl_len* should contain the size of *tl*.

The complete DER encoding should consist of the value in *tl* appended with the provided *str*.

etype : The type of the string to be encoded (ASN1_ETYPE_)

str : the string data.

str_len : the string length

tl : the encoded tag and length

tl_len : the bytes of the *tl* field

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if successful or an error value.

asn1_expand_any_defined_by ()

```
int          asn1_expand_any_defined_by      (asn1_node definitions,
                                             asn1_node *element);
```

Expands every "ANY DEFINED BY" element of a structure created from a DER decoding process (*asn1_der_decoding* function). The element ANY must be defined by an OBJECT IDENTIFIER. The type used to expand the element ANY is the first one following the definition of the actual value of the OBJECT IDENTIFIER.

definitions : ASN1 definitions

element : pointer to an ASN1 structure

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if Substitution OK, **ASN1_ERROR_TYPE_ANY** if some "ANY DEFINED BY" element couldn't be expanded due to a problem in OBJECT_ID -> TYPE association, or other error codes depending on DER decoding.

asn1_expand_octet_string ()

```
int          asn1_expand_octet_string        (asn1_node definitions,
                                             asn1_node *element,
                                             const char *octetName,
                                             const char *objectName);
```

Expands an "OCTET STRING" element of a structure created from a DER decoding process (the *asn1_der_decoding()* function). The type used for expansion is the first one following the definition of the actual value of the OBJECT IDENTIFIER indicated by OBJECTNAME.

definitions : ASN1 definitions

element : pointer to an ASN1 structure

octetName : name of the OCTET STRING field to expand.

objectName : name of the OBJECT IDENTIFIER field to use to define the type for expansion.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if substitution OK, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if *objectName* or *octetName* are not correct, **ASN1_VALUE_NOT_VALID** if it wasn't possible to find the type to use for expansion, or other errors depending on DER decoding.

asn1_find_node ()

```
asn1_node      asn1_find_node      (asn1_node pointer,  
                                     const char *name);
```

Searches for an element called *name* starting from *pointer*. The name is composed by different identifiers separated by dots. When **pointer* has a name, the first identifier must be the name of **pointer*, otherwise it must be the name of one child of **pointer*.

pointer : NODE_ASN element pointer.

name : null terminated string with the element's name to find.

Returns : the search result, or **NULL** if not found.

asn1_find_structure_from_oid ()

```
const char *    asn1_find_structure_from_oid    (asn1_node definitions,  
                                                 const char *oidValue);
```

Search the structure that is defined just after an OID definition.

definitions : ASN1 definitions

oidValue : value of the OID to search (e.g. "1.2.3.4").

Returns : **NULL** when *oidValue* not found, otherwise the pointer to a constant string that contains the element name defined just after the OID.

asn1_get_bit_der ()

```
int             asn1_get_bit_der      (const unsigned char *der,  
                                       int der_len,  
                                       int *ret_len,  
                                       unsigned char *str,  
                                       int str_size,  
                                       int *bit_len);
```

Extract a BIT SEQUENCE from DER data.

der : DER data to decode containing the BIT SEQUENCE.

der_len : Length of DER data to decode.

ret_len : Output variable containing the length of the DER data.

str : Pre-allocated output buffer to put decoded BIT SEQUENCE in.

str_size : Length of pre-allocated output buffer.

bit_len : Output variable containing the size of the BIT SEQUENCE.

Returns : Return **ASN1_SUCCESS** on success, or an error.

asn1_get_length_ber ()

```
long          asn1_get_length_ber          (const unsigned char *ber,
                                           int ber_len,
                                           int *len);
```

Extract a length field from BER data. The difference to **asn1_get_length_der()** is that this function will return a length even if the value has indefinite encoding.

ber : BER data to decode.

ber_len : Length of BER data to decode.

len : Output variable containing the length of the BER length field.

Returns : Return the decoded length value, or negative value when the value was too big.

Since 2.0

asn1_get_length_der ()

```
long          asn1_get_length_der          (const unsigned char *der,
                                           int der_len,
                                           int *len);
```

Extract a length field from DER data.

der : DER data to decode.

der_len : Length of DER data to decode.

len : Output variable containing the length of the DER length field.

Returns : Return the decoded length value, or -1 on indefinite length, or -2 when the value was too big to fit in a int, or -4 when the decoded length value plus *len* would exceed *der_len*.

asn1_get_octet_der ()

```
int          asn1_get_octet_der          (const unsigned char *der,
                                           int der_len,
                                           int *ret_len,
                                           unsigned char *str,
                                           int str_size,
                                           int *str_len);
```

Extract an OCTET SEQUENCE from DER data.

der : DER data to decode containing the OCTET SEQUENCE.

der_len : Length of DER data to decode.

ret_len : Output variable containing the length of the DER data.

str : Pre-allocated output buffer to put decoded OCTET SEQUENCE in.

str_size : Length of pre-allocated output buffer.

str_len : Output variable containing the length of the OCTET SEQUENCE.

Returns : Returns **ASN1_SUCCESS** on success, or an error.

asn1_get_tag_der ()

```
int                asn1_get_tag_der                (const unsigned char *der,
                                                    int der_len,
                                                    unsigned char *cls,
                                                    int *len,
                                                    unsigned long *tag);
```

Decode the class and TAG from DER code.

der : DER data to decode.

der_len : Length of DER data to decode.

cls : Output variable containing decoded class.

len : Output variable containing the length of the DER TAG data.

tag : Output variable containing the decoded tag.

Returns : Returns **ASN1_SUCCESS** on success, or an error.

asn1_length_der ()

```
void                asn1_length_der                (unsigned long int len,
                                                    unsigned char *der,
                                                    int *der_len);
```

Creates the DER encoding of the provided length value. The *der* buffer must have enough room for the output. The maximum length this function will encode is **ASN1_MAX_LENGTH_SIZE**.

To know the size of the DER encoding use a **NULL** value for *der*.

len : value to convert.

der : buffer to hold the returned encoding (may be **NULL**).

der_len : number of meaningful bytes of ANS (der[0]..der[der_len-1]).

asn1_node

```
typedef asn1_node_st *asn1_node;
```

asn1_node_st

```
typedef struct asn1_node_st asn1_node_st;
```

asn1_number_of_elements ()

```
int                asn1_number_of_elements        (asn1_node element,
                                                    const char *name,
                                                    int *num);
```

Counts the number of elements of a sub-structure called NAME with names equal to "?1", "?2", ...

element : pointer to the root of an ASN1 structure.

name : the name of a sub-structure of ROOT.

num : pointer to an integer where the result will be stored

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if successful, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if *name* is not known, **ASN1_GENERIC_ERROR** if pointer *num* is **NULL**.

asn1_octet_der ()

```
void                asn1_octet_der                (const unsigned char *str,
                                                    int str_len,
                                                    unsigned char *der,
                                                    int *der_len);
```

Creates a length-value DER encoding for the input data. The DER encoding of the input data will be placed in the *der* variable.

Note that the OCTET STRING tag is not included in the output.

This function does not return any value because it is expected that *der_len* will contain enough bytes to store the string plus the DER encoding. The DER encoding size can be obtained using **asn1_length_der()**.

str : the input data.

str_len : STR length (str[0]..str[*str_len-1]).

der : encoded string returned.

der_len : number of meaningful bytes of DER (der[0]..der[der_len-1]).

asn1_parser2array ()

```
int                asn1_parser2array                (const char *inputFileName,
                                                    const char *outputFileName,
                                                    const char *vectorName,
                                                    char *error_desc);
```

Function that generates a C structure from an ASN1 file. Creates a file containing a C vector to use to manage the definitions included in *inputFileName* file. If *inputFileName* is "/aa/bb/xx.yy" and *outputFileName* is **NULL**, the file created is "/aa/bb/xx_asn1_tab.c". If *vectorName* is **NULL** the vector name will be "xx_asn1_tab".

inputFileName : specify the path and the name of file that contains ASN.1 declarations.

outputFileName : specify the path and the name of file that will contain the C vector definition.

vectorName : specify the name of the C vector.

error_desc : return the error description or an empty string if success.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if the file has a correct syntax and every identifier is known, **ASN1_FILE_NOT_FOUND** if an error occurred while opening *inputFileName*, **ASN1_SYNTAX_ERROR** if the syntax is not correct, **ASN1_IDENTIFIER_NOT_FOUND** if in the file there is an identifier that is not defined, **ASN1_NAME_TOO_LONG** if in the file there is an identifier which more than **ASN1_MAX_NAME_SIZE** characters.

asn1_parser2tree ()

```
int                asn1_parser2tree                (const char *file,
                                                    asn1_node *definitions,
                                                    char *error_desc);
```

Function used to start the parse algorithm. Creates the structures needed to manage the definitions included in *file* file.

file : specify the path and the name of file that contains ASN.1 declarations.

definitions : return the pointer to the structure created from "file" ASN.1 declarations.

error_desc : return the error description or an empty string if success.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if the file has a correct syntax and every identifier is known, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_EMPTY** if *definitions* not **NULL**, **ASN1_FILE_NOT_FOUND** if an error occurred while opening *file*, **ASN1_SYNTAX_ERROR** if the syntax is not correct, **ASN1_IDENTIFIER_NOT_FOUND** if in the file there is an identifier that is not defined, **ASN1_NAME_TOO_LONG** if in the file there is an identifier with more than **ASN1_MAX_NAME_SIZE** characters.

asn1_perror ()

```
void                asn1_perror                    (int error);
```

Prints a string to stderr with a description of an error. This function is like **perror()**. The only difference is that it accepts an error returned by a libtasn1 function.

error : is an error returned by a libtasn1 function.

Since 1.6

asn1_print_structure ()

```
void                asn1_print_structure           (FILE *out,
                                                    asn1_node structure,
                                                    const char *name,
                                                    int mode);
```

Prints on the *out* file descriptor the structure's tree starting from the *name* element inside the structure *structure*.

out : pointer to the output file (e.g. stdout).

structure : pointer to the structure that you want to visit.

name : an element of the structure

mode : specify how much of the structure to print, can be **ASN1_PRINT_NAME**, **ASN1_PRINT_NAME_TYPE**, **ASN1_PRINT_NAME_VALUE** or **ASN1_PRINT_ALL**.

asn1_read_node_value ()

```
int                asn1_read_node_value           (asn1_node node,
                                                    asn1_data_node_st *data);
```

Returns the value a data node inside a *asn1_node* structure. The data returned should be handled as constant values.

node : pointer to a node.

data : a point to a *asn1_data_node_st*

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if the node exists.

asn1_read_tag ()

```
int          asn1_read_tag          (asn1_node root,
                                     const char *name,
                                     int *tagValue,
                                     int *classValue);
```

Returns the TAG and the CLASS of one element inside a structure. CLASS can have one of these constants: **ASN1_CLASS_APPLICATION**, **ASN1_CLASS_UNIVERSAL**, **ASN1_CLASS_PRIVATE** or **ASN1_CLASS_CONTEXT_SPECIFIC**.

root : pointer to a structure

name : the name of the element inside a structure.

tagValue : variable that will contain the TAG value.

classValue : variable that will specify the TAG type.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if successful, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if *name* is not a valid element.

asn1_read_value ()

```
int          asn1_read_value        (asn1_node root,
                                     const char *name,
                                     void *ivalue,
                                     int *len);
```

Returns the value of one element inside a structure.

If an element is OPTIONAL and the function "read_value" returns **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND**, it means that this element wasn't present in the der encoding that created the structure. The first element of a SEQUENCE_OF or SET_OF is named "?1". The second one "?2" and so on.

INTEGER: VALUE will contain a two's complement form integer.

integer=-1 -> value[0]=0xFF , len=1. integer=1 -> value[0]=0x01 , len=1.

ENUMERATED: As INTEGER (but only with not negative numbers).

BOOLEAN: VALUE will be the null terminated string "TRUE" or "FALSE" and LEN=5 or LEN=6.

OBJECT IDENTIFIER: VALUE will be a null terminated string with each number separated by a dot (i.e. "1.2.3.543.1").

LEN = strlen(VALUE)+1

UTCTime: VALUE will be a null terminated string in one of these formats: "YYMMDDhhmmss+hh'mm'" or "YYMMDDhhmmss-hh'mm'". LEN=strlen(VALUE)+1.

GeneralizedTime: VALUE will be a null terminated string in the same format used to set the value.

OCTET STRING: VALUE will contain the octet string and LEN will be the number of octets.

GeneralString: VALUE will contain the generalstring and LEN will be the number of octets.

BIT STRING: VALUE will contain the bit string organized by bytes and LEN will be the number of bits.

CHOICE: If NAME indicates a choice type, VALUE will specify the alternative selected.

ANY: If NAME indicates an any type, VALUE will indicate the DER encoding of the structure actually used.

root : pointer to a structure.

name : the name of the element inside a structure that you want to read.

ivalue : vector that will contain the element's content, must be a pointer to memory cells already allocated.

len : number of bytes of *value: value[0]..value[len-1]. Initially holds the sizeof value.

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if value is returned, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if *name* is not a valid element, **ASN1_VALUE_NO** if there isn't any value for the element selected, and **ASN1_MEM_ERROR** if The value vector isn't big enough to store the result, and in this case *len* will contain the number of bytes needed.

asn1_read_value_type ()

```
int          asn1_read_value_type          (asn1_node root,
                                           const char *name,
                                           void *ivalue,
                                           int *len,
                                           unsigned int *etype);
```

Returns the value of one element inside a structure.

If an element is OPTIONAL and the function "read_value" returns **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND**, it means that this element wasn't present in the der encoding that created the structure. The first element of a SEQUENCE_OF or SET_OF is named "?1". The second one "?2" and so on.

INTEGER: VALUE will contain a two's complement form integer.

integer=-1 -> value[0]=0xFF, len=1. integer=1 -> value[0]=0x01, len=1.

ENUMERATED: As INTEGER (but only with not negative numbers).

BOOLEAN: VALUE will be the null terminated string "TRUE" or "FALSE" and LEN=5 or LEN=6.

OBJECT IDENTIFIER: VALUE will be a null terminated string with each number separated by a dot (i.e. "1.2.3.543.1").

LEN = strlen(VALUE)+1

UTCTime: VALUE will be a null terminated string in one of these formats: "YYMMDDhhmmss+hh'mm'" or "YYMMDDhhmmss-hh'mm'". LEN=strlen(VALUE)+1.

GeneralizedTime: VALUE will be a null terminated string in the same format used to set the value.

OCTET STRING: VALUE will contain the octet string and LEN will be the number of octets.

GeneralString: VALUE will contain the generalstring and LEN will be the number of octets.

BIT STRING: VALUE will contain the bit string organized by bytes and LEN will be the number of bits.

CHOICE: If NAME indicates a choice type, VALUE will specify the alternative selected.

ANY: If NAME indicates an any type, VALUE will indicate the DER encoding of the structure actually used.

root : pointer to a structure.

name : the name of the element inside a structure that you want to read.

ivalue : vector that will contain the element's content, must be a pointer to memory cells already allocated.

len : number of bytes of *value: value[0]..value[len-1]. Initially holds the sizeof value.

etype : The type of the value read (ASN1_ETYPE)

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if value is returned, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if *name* is not a valid element, **ASN1_VALUE_NO** if there isn't any value for the element selected, and **ASN1_MEM_ERROR** if The value vector isn't big enough to store the result, and in this case *len* will contain the number of bytes needed.

asn1_retCode

```
typedef int asn1_retCode; /* type returned by libtasn1 functions */
```

asn1_static_node

```
typedef struct asn1_static_node_st asn1_static_node;
```

asn1_static_node_t

```
#define asn1_static_node_t asn1_static_node
```

asn1_strerror ()

```
const char *      asn1_strerror                (int error);
```

Returns a string with a description of an error. This function is similar to `strerror`. The only difference is that it accepts an error (number) returned by a libtasn1 function.

error : is an error returned by a libtasn1 function.

Returns : Pointer to static zero-terminated string describing error code.

Since 1.6

asn1_write_value ()

```
int              asn1_write_value              (asn1_node node_root,
                                                const char *name,
                                                const void *ivalue,
                                                int len);
```

Set the value of one element inside a structure.

If an element is OPTIONAL and you want to delete it, you must use the value=NULL and len=0. Using "pkix.asn":

```
result=asn1_write_value(cert, "tbsCertificate.issuerUniqueID", NULL, 0);
```

Description for each type:

INTEGER: VALUE must contain a two's complement form integer.

value[0]=0xFF, len=1 -> integer=-1. value[0]=0xFF value[1]=0xFF, len=2 -> integer=-1. value[0]=0x01, len=1 -> integer= 1. value[0]=0x00 value[1]=0x01, len=2 -> integer= 1. value="123", len=0 -> integer= 123.

ENUMERATED: As INTEGER (but only with not negative numbers).

BOOLEAN: VALUE must be the null terminated string "TRUE" or "FALSE" and LEN != 0.

value="TRUE", len=1 -> boolean=TRUE. value="FALSE", len=1 -> boolean=FALSE.

OBJECT IDENTIFIER: VALUE must be a null terminated string with each number separated by a dot (e.g. "1.2.3.543.1"). LEN != 0.

value="1 2 840 10040 4 3", len=1 -> OID=dsa-with-sha.

UTCTime: VALUE must be a null terminated string in one of these formats: "YYMMDDhhmmssZ", "YYMMDDhhmmssZ", "YYMMDDhhmmss+hh'mm'", "YYMMDDhhmmss-hh'mm'", "YYMMDDhhmm+hh'mm'", or "YYMMDDhhmm-hh'mm'". LEN != 0.

value="9801011200Z", len=1 -> time=January 1st, 1998 at 12h 00m Greenwich Mean Time

GeneralizedTime: VALUE must be in one of this format: "YYYYMMDDhhmmss.sZ", "YYYYMMDDhhmmss.sZ", "YYYYMMDDhhmmss.s+hh'mm'", "YYYYMMDDhhmmss.s-hh'mm'", "YYYYMMDDhhmm+hh'mm'", or "YYYYMMDDhhmm-hh'mm'" where ss.s indicates the seconds with any precision like "10.1" or "01.02". LEN != 0

value="2001010112001.12-0700", len=1 -> time=January 1st, 2001 at 12h 00m 01.12s Pacific Daylight Time

OCTET STRING: VALUE contains the octet string and LEN is the number of octets.

value="\backslashx01\backslashx02\backslashx03", len=3 -> three bytes octet string

GeneralString: VALUE contains the generalstring and LEN is the number of octets.

value="\backslash\$x01\backslash\$x02\backslash\$x03" , len=3 -> three bytes generalstring

BIT STRING: VALUE contains the bit string organized by bytes and LEN is the number of bits.

value="\backslash\$xCF" , len=6 -> bit string="110011" (six bits)

CHOICE: if NAME indicates a choice type, VALUE must specify one of the alternatives with a null terminated string. LEN != 0. Using "pkix.asn":

```
result=asn1_write_value(cert, "certificate1.tbsCertificate.subject", "rdnSequence", 1);
```

ANY: VALUE indicates the der encoding of a structure. LEN != 0.

SEQUENCE OF: VALUE must be the null terminated string "NEW" and LEN != 0. With this instruction another element is appended in the sequence. The name of this element will be "?1" if it's the first one, "?2" for the second and so on.

Using "pkix.asn":

```
result=asn1_write_value(cert, "certificate1.tbsCertificate.subject.rdnSequence", "NEW", 1);
```

SET OF: the same as SEQUENCE OF. Using "pkix.asn":

```
result=asn1_write_value(cert, "tbsCertificate.subject.rdnSequence.?LAST", "NEW", 1);
```

node_root : pointer to a structure

name : the name of the element inside the structure that you want to set.

ivalue : vector used to specify the value to set. If len is >0, VALUE must be a two's complement form integer. if len=0 *VALUE must be a null terminated string with an integer value.

len : number of bytes of *value to use to set the value: value[0]..value[len-1] or 0 if value is a null terminated string

Returns : **ASN1_SUCCESS** if the value was set, **ASN1_ELEMENT_NOT_FOUND** if *name* is not a valid element, and **ASN1_VALUE** if *ivalue* has a wrong format.

node_asn

```
#define node_asn asn1_node_st
```

node_asn_struct

```
#define node_asn_struct asn1_node_st
```

node_data_struct

```
#define node_data_struct asn1_data_node_st
```

static_struct_asn

```
#define static_struct_asn asn1_static_node_st
```

Chapter 2

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